Sl.No. M21503 Course Code: 13118102

VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM (Deemed to be University)

BDS DEGREE EXAMINATION – August 2019 First Year

GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

SECTION A

Time: Twenty Minutes			Maximum: 20 marl	ks
Register Number :				
Signature of the candidate			Signature of the Invigilator	
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<u>Instructions to the candidates</u>

- 1. Write your Register Number and sign at the place specified on the first page of this Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not open this question booklet until Invigilator announces the commencement of the examination.
- 3. Answer ALL the Twenty questions. They carry equal marks. No negative marking for wrong answers.
- 4. Answers should be marked legibly in the SHEET provided in capital letters.
- 5. THE QUESTION BOOKLET SHOULD NOT BE TAKEN OUT OF THE EXAMINATION HALL.
- 6. Questions should not be copied and taken out of the Examination Hall. Any one found violating this rule shall not be permitted to write the examination and shall be sent out of the Hall.
- 7. At the end of 20 minutes, when the Invigilator announces 'STOP WRITING' you must stop writing immediately. If the candidate tries to attempt to answer the questions after the prescribed time, their answer script becomes invalid.
- 8. Hand over the questions booklet containing answer sheet to the invigilator when you finish answering or immediately after 20 minutes.

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GENERAL HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

SECTION-A (20X1=20 MARKS)

(Multiple choice questions)

Time: Twenty Minutes Maximum: 20 marks

Select the most appropriate answer and answer in the answer sheet attached:

- 1. The system of fibers maintaining the structure of the cell is
 - A. Actin
 - B. Myosin
 - C. Cytoskeleton
 - D. Troponin
- 2. Most of the plasma proteins are synthesized by
 - A. Liver
 - B. Kidney
 - C. Spleen
 - D. Pancreas
- 3. Erythropoietin is mainly produced in
 - A. Kidney
 - B. Bone marrow
 - C. Spleen
 - D. Lungs
- 4. In isotonic contraction
 - A. Length of the muscle increases
 - B. Tone of the muscle changes
 - C. Tone remains the same
 - D. Length remains the same
- 5. Normal stroke volume is
 - A. 5-6 ml/beat
 - B. 70-80 ml/beat
 - C. 5-6 L/beat
 - D. 20-30 L/beat
- 6. Exposure to high altitude causes
 - A. Hypoxic hypoxia
 - B. Stagnant hypoxia
 - C. Hystotoxic hypoxia
 - D. Anemic hypoxia

(p.t.o.)

- 7. Lipase helps in the digestion of
 - A. Proteins
 - B. Carbohydrates
 - C. Fats
 - D. Minerals
- 8. Somnambulism is
 - A. Eating in sleep
 - B. Walking in sleep
 - C. Drinking in sleep
 - D. Dancing in sleep
- 9. Astigmatism is corrected by
 - A. Concave lens
 - B. Convex lens
 - C. Cylindrical lens
 - D. Bifocal lens
- 10. Parturition is brought about by
 - A. Vasopressin
 - B. Oxytocin
 - C. Thyroxine
 - D. Ovary

BIOCHEMISTRY

- 11. Lysosome are the
 - A. Suicide bags
 - B. Power house
 - C. Mini cell
 - D. Transmembrane
- 12. Which one of the following is reduced equivalent
 - A. NADH
 - B. ATP
 - C. Co
 - $D. O_2$
- 13. Dietary fiber has following effects, except
 - A. Lowers cholesterol
 - B. Increase stool bulk
 - C. Decrease risk of cardio vascular disease
 - D. Increase the risk of diabetes mellitus
- 14. Laboratory diagnosis of AIDS is
 - A. Western blot
 - B. Southern blot
 - C. Northern blot
 - D. None of the above
- 15. The lipoprotein particles that have the highest concentration of triglycerides are
 - A. VLDL
 - B. HDL
 - C. LDL
 - D. Chylomicron
- 16. All amino acids found in protein are optically active, except
 - A. Serine
 - B. Glycine
 - C. Threonine
 - D. Tyrosine
- 17. All of the following serum enzymes are elevated in myocardial infarction, except
 - A. Alkaline phosphatase
 - B. Lactate dehydrogenase
 - C. Aspartate transaminase
 - D. Creatine kinase

(p.t.o.)

- 18. Hemoglobin is a
 - A. Monomeric protein
 - B. Trimeric protein
 - C. Tetrameric protein
 - D. Dimeric protein
- 19. A nucleoside can be composed of, except:
 - A. Purine base
 - B. Pentose sugar
 - C. Phosphate group
 - D. Pyrimidine base
- 20. The concentration of the following is inversely related to the risk of cardiovascular disease
 - A. HDL
 - B. LDL
 - C. VLDL
 - D. IDL

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BDS DEGREE EXAMINATION – August 2019 First Year

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Time: Three hours Maximum: 70 marks

Answer ALL Questions

Answer Section A in the Answer Sheet attached to it 20 marks – 20 minutes to be handed over to the invigilator immediately after 20 minutes

Answer Section B & C in separate Answer Book

Time: 2 hours 40 minutes **SECTION – B & C** Maximum: 50 marks

SECTION - B

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY (25 marks)

I. Write an essay on:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Define cardiac output and cardiac index. Give its normal values. Describe the factors regulating cardiac output. (2+2+6=10)

II. Write short notes on:

 $(3 \times 5=15)$

- 2. Classify hypoxia. Explain any two of them.
- 3. What is GFR? What is its normal value? How is it measured?
- 4. Describe the functions of saliva.

SECTION - C

BIOCHEMISTRY (25 marks)

I. Write an essay on:

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

1. Name three vitamins which are require for proper functioning of nerves. Write RDA, Source, Biochemical function and deficiency manifestations of any one of them. (3+7)

II. Write short notes on:

 $(3 \times 5=15)$

- 2. Glycolysis and its energetic.
- 3. Structural organization of protein.
- 4. Name any five serum enzymes of clinical importance and disease associated with them.
